

# Photovoltaic pressure plate three-thick small bending plate

What is plate bending?

Bending of plates, or plate bending, refers to the deflection of a plate perpendicular to the plane of the plate under the action of external forces and moments. The amount of deflection can be determined by solving the differential equations of an appropriate plate theory. The stresses in the plate can be calculated from these deflections.

What are the different types of plates in plate theory?

In plate theory, one generally distinguishes the following cases: Thick plates with a three-dimensional stress state. These can only be described by the full set of differential equations we derived in Chapter 1. As a rule of thumb, plates with  $b/h \leq 5$  and  $b \leq h$  fall in this category. Thin plates with small deflections.

What are thin plates with small deflections?

Thin plates with small deflections. In this case, the membrane stresses generated by the deflection are small compared to the bending stresses and this simplifies the analysis considerably. As a rule of thumb, plates with  $b/h \leq 5$  and  $w \leq h/5$  fall in this category. These are the plates we will study here. Thin plates with large deflections.

Can beam theory be applied to bending a thin plate?

Regarding the stiffness characterization from 4 point-bending tests, the beam theory was applied based on the force-deflection curve. Meanwhile a FE model was elaborated to quantify the relative error inherent to the beam theory when applied to the bending of a thin plate and characterize the Young's modulus from a numerical point of view.

What is the bending rigidity of a plate?

$D = Et^3/[12(1 - \nu^2)]$  is called the bending rigidity of the plate. The maximum magnitude of the normal stress on each edge of the plate are located at the top or bottom at  $z = t/2$ . For example, it can be shown that:  $\sigma_x = -6M_x/x/t^2$  The equilibrium equations for plate bending are important in selecting the element displacement fields.

What is the maximum bending stress for a circular plate?

For the bending of circular plates, one usually requires that  $w \leq 0.5h$  in order that the membrane strains can be safely ignored without introducing considerable error. For example, a uniformly loaded clamped plate deflected to  $w = h$  experiences a maximum membrane stress of approximately 20% of the maximum bending stress.

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