

# Maximum efficiency of solar cells

### What is the highest efficiency solar cell?

Photo by Wayne Hicks,NREL Researchers at the U.S. Department of Energy's National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) created a solar cell with a record 39.5% efficiency under 1-sun global illumination. This is the highest efficiency solar cell of any type, measured using standard 1-sun conditions.

#### How efficient are solar cells?

Photovoltaic (PV) conversion of solar energy starts to give an appreciable contribution to power generation in many countries, with more than 90% of the global PV market relying on solar cells based on crystalline silicon (c-Si). The current efficiency record of c-Si solar cells is 26.7%, against an intrinsic limit of ~29%.

#### Is a solar cell efficiency limit too high?

Some thorough theoretical analyses with more restricted practical assumptions indicated that the limit is not far above the obtained efficiency. Currently, we are in the midst of the third generation solar cell stage.

What is the maximum efficiency of a photovoltaic cell?

It was first calculated by William Shockley and Hans-Joachim Queisser at Shockley Semiconductor in 1961, giving a maximum efficiency of 30% at 1.1 eV. The limit is one of the most fundamental to solar energy production with photovoltaic cells, and is one of the field's most important contributions.

How do you calculate the efficiency limits of a solar cell?

The efficiency limits can be calculated by solving the transport equations in the assumption of optimal (Lambertian) light trapping, which can be achieved by inserting proper photonic structures in the solar cell architecture. The effects of extrinsic (bulk and surface) recombinations on the conversion efficiency are discussed.

## Are silicon solar cells achieving efficiency limits?

While silicon solar cells are approaching the efficiency limits, margins of improvement are still present and will be undoubtedly implemented both in the lab and in industrial processes. Breakthrough improvements with silicon tandems are more prospective and are still the focus of intense lab research.

OverviewBackgroundThe limitExceeding the limitSee alsoExternal linksIn physics, the radiative efficiency limit (also known as the detailed balance limit, Shockley-Queisser limit, Shockley Queisser Efficiency Limit or SQ Limit) is the maximum theoretical efficiency of a solar cell using a single p-n junction to collect power from the cell where the only loss mechanism is radiative recombination in the solar cell. It was first calculated by William Shockley and Hans-Joachim Queisser



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